BEFORE THE

ORIGINAL

Federal Communications Commission

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of)	MANZO	1992
Amendment of the Commission's Rules to)	CC Docket No. 92-166	- 26
Establish Rules and Policies Pertaining to a)		
Mobile-Satellite Service in the 1610-1626.5/)		
2483.5-2500 MHz Frequency Bands)		
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To: The Commission)	DOCKET FILE COPY URIGINAL	

To: The Commission

REPLY OF TRW INC.

TRW Inc. ("TRW"), by its attorneys and pursuant to Section 1.429 of the Commission's rules, hereby replies to the Opposition of Motorola Satellite Communications, Inc. ("Motorola") to TRW's Petition for Further Reconsideration of the Commission's February 15, 1996 memorandum opinion and order in the above-captioned proceeding. Motorola's arguments only buttress the rationale employed by the Commission at the time it imposed the "interim frequency plan" for the nongeostationary mobile satellite service above 1 GHz ("NGSO/MSS") in 1994, and the absence of changed circumstances compel the expeditious reimposition of the plan. 21

Amendment of the Commission's Rules to Establish Rules and Policies
Pertaining to a Mobile-Satellite Service in the 1610-1626.5/2483.5-2500 MHz
Frequency Band, FCC 96-54 (released February 15, 1996) ("Big LEO MO&O").

Id., slip op. at 5 (reconsidering Amendment of the Commission's Rules to Establish Rules and Policies Pertaining to a Mobile-Satellite Service in the 1610-1626.5/2483.5-2500 MHz Frequency Band, 9 FCC Rcd 5936 (1994) ("Big LEO Report and Order").

TRW showed in its Petition that the circumstances that initially motivated the Commission to adopt the "interim plan" have not changed, and may not ever change.

TRW contended that until it is confirmed that the NGSO/MSS systems operating in the 1610-1626.5 MHz band do not have to protect the co-frequency and adjacent frequency operations of the Russian Global Navigation Satellite System ("GLONASS") to the level currently demanded by the Russian Administration, the requirement for the interim plan persists, and equity demands that it remain in place. See TRW Petition at 2-6.

Indeed, the core circumstances have remained unchanged for several years now. Then, as now, the Commission has been confident that the GLONASS frequency plan would be adjusted in such a fashion that there would be no consequent restrictions on NGSO/MSS operations at 1610 MHz. Then, as now, the Commission has had no basis for knowing when, if ever, the expected transition would occur. Then, as now, the Commission and NGSO/MSS operators have been facing the prospect that up to 4 megahertz of the 16.5 megahertz allocation at 1610-1626.5 MHz may be unavailable for initial NGSO/MSS operations in the United States due to in-band and/or out-of-band emission restrictions designed to protect GLONASS operations.

Given the fact that the Commission's decision to eliminate the interim band plan it had adopted just 16 months earlier is one with which Motorola is in accord, TRW

understands Motorola's sudden desire for administrative finality and to "move on" to other matters. See Motorola Opposition at 8. Nevertheless, in asserting that TRW's Petition is subject to dismissal as violative of Section 1.429(i) of the Commission's rules (see id.), Motorola is flat wrong. Section 1.429(i) provides in pertinent part that:

Any order disposing of a petition for reconsideration which modifies rules adopted by the original order is, to the extent of such modification, subject to reconsideration in the same manner as the original order. Except in such circumstances, a second petition for reconsideration may be dismissed by the staff as repetitious.

47 C.F.R. § 1.429(i) (emphasis added). Because the Commission's Big LEO MO&O, in response to petitions for reconsideration from Motorola and others, modified the Commission's 1994 ruling on the interim band plan, TRW's petition for reconsideration of that ruling is within the class of petitions for reconsideration that are exempted by Section 1.429(i) from dismissal as repetitious.

If there is no need to protect GLONASS operations in a manner that restricts the ability of TRW to operate its NGSO/MSS system down to 1610 MHz or otherwise requires losses in capacity, TRW would be satisfied. It agrees with the cogent arguments Motorola and L/Q Licensee, Inc. have presented as to why such protection should be unnecessary, and has been working hand-in-hand with these system permittees to arrive at

a solution satisfactory to all concerns. For now, however, the issue is unresolved, the Commission has not said that protection will not be required even for the United States, and those very same principles of administrative certainty that Motorola cites compel the retention of the interim band plan until a definitive resolution is at hand.

Motorola's eagerness to restate its entire arguments from years hence as to why there should not be an interim band plan misses the point of TRW's Petition. TRW is in full agreement with the objective of — for once and for all — finding that no protection requirements that restrict NGSO/MSS operations at 1610-1626.5 MHz are needed. Its point, which is in no way countermanded by Motorola, is: because the litany of open questions and uncertainties that motivated the Commission first to propose and then to impose the interim band plan exist unabated today, the Commission had no business in removing the plan in the Big LEO MO&O. Its action was arbitrary,

unsupported, and portends negatively on the NGSO/MSS systems that would operate down to 1610 MHz. This aspect of the Big LEO MO&O should thus be restored for the reasons stated by TRW above and in its Petition for Further Reconsideration.

Respectfully submitted,

TRW Inc.

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May 30, 1996 Its Attorneys

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I, Katharine B. Squalls, hereby certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing "Reply of TRW Inc." was mailed, first-class postage prepaid, this 30th day of May, 1996 to each of the following:

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